

# E-Practice

## Primary 3 Issue 6



1. Fill in the blanks with the correct numbers.  
Show your working on the right.

(a)  $82 \div 2 = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ r } \boxed{\phantom{00}}$

$$2 \overline{)82}$$

(b)  $82 \div 3 = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ r } \boxed{\phantom{00}}$

$$3 \overline{)82}$$

(c)  $82 \div 4 = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ r } \boxed{\phantom{00}}$

$$4 \overline{)82}$$

(d)  $82 \div 5 = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ r } \boxed{\phantom{00}}$

$$5 \overline{)82}$$

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2. (a) How many threes are there in 75?

(Show your working below)

(b) How many fives are there in 75?

(Show your working below)

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3. Write out the number sentence for each of the word problem below and work out the answers.

(a) I brought 3 bags of oranges to the party. There are 6 oranges in each bag. How many oranges did I bring?

$$\square \circ \square = \square$$

I brought  oranges to the party.

(b) Mrs Two put 42 prizes equally in 6 rows. How many prizes were there in each row?

$$\square \circ \square = \square$$

There were  prizes in each row.

(c) Er Eight bought 5 packets of sweets. There are 60 sweets in total. How many sweets are there in each packet?

$$\square \circ \square = \square$$

Each packet has  sweets.

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4. If  $\text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} = 36$ ,

then  $\text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} + \text{Hexagon} = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$ .

*(Show your working below)*

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5. Using the numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4 only, form the greatest 4-digit number that can be divided exactly by 8.


## Answers

1. (a) 41, 0 (b) 27, 1 (c) 20, 2 (d) 16, 2

2. (a) 25 (b) 15

3. (a)  $6 \times 3 = 18, 18$  (b)  $42 \div 6 = 7, 7$  (c)  $60 \div 5 = 12, 12$

4. 45

 5. 4312